# 中考英语预测题作文范文(38篇)

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*中考英语预测题作文范文 第一篇About Sports关于运动“初三学生要不要参加体育锻炼”。请根据下面所提供的信息,用英语总结出讨论情况。提示:70%的学生 30%的学生应该每天进行体育锻炼,但不要时间过长 锻炼浪费时间、使人疲劳锻炼能增...*

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第一篇**

About Sports

关于运动

“初三学生要不要参加体育锻炼”。

请根据下面所提供的信息,用英语总结出讨论情况。

提示:

70%的学生 30%的学生

应该每天进行体育锻炼,但不要时间过长 锻炼浪费时间、使人疲劳

锻炼能增强体质,保持健康 锻炼以后很兴奋,较长时间不能投入学习

锻炼能使大脑休息,使学习效果更好 锻炼中可能会受伤

要求:语句通顺,句意连贯;词数为80词左右;发言稿的开头已写好,但不计入总词数。

Dear classmates:

亲爱的同学们：

I’m Li Hua. After the discussion we found that 70% of the students think they should take all kinds of exercise every day but not spend too much time. They think exercise builds body and can keep them healthy. Sports also let them have a good rest so that their study will be more effective.

我是李华。经过一番讨论，我们发现班级百分之七十的同学认为初三学生应该每天进行体育锻炼，但是不要花费太多时间。他们认为锻炼能够增强体质，保持健康。运动还能使大脑更好的休息，是学习效果更好。

On the other hand 30% students believe taking exercise is tiring and it’s a waste of time. They say that after having sports they are too excited for a long time to focus on their lessons. And it’s possible to be hurt while doing sports.

另外百分三十的同学则认为锻炼容易使人疲劳还浪费时间。他们说锻炼以后会很兴奋,较长时间不能投入学习。而且锻炼中可能会受伤。

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第二篇**

中考英语作文预测

Today，I’ll talk about going online. We know thatthere are too many net-bars around us. The Internet can make our lives interesting and of us like going online very much because we can learn how to usethe computer and get more information from the Internet. We can learn can read some good newspapers and magazines. It can make us cleverthrough playing computer games. I can sende-mails to our friends quickly. We can chatonline with our friends. It can help us get in touch with people from all over the world, but unfortunately the government doesn’t allow communication with many people.

But some students spend too much time playing computer games and some stay in net bars all day and all a result, they do worse and worse in their lessons andthey don’t study well any more. I think we shouldn’t goonline when it is time for us to study. We can do it in summer or winterholidays.

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第三篇**

要求：

（1）先将题目补写完整，然后作文。举例：原以为爱经不起伤害；原以为得到就会满足；原以为成功就是幸福，等等。

（2）不少于600字；

（3）除诗歌外，文体自选；

（4）立意自定。

思路点拨

“原以为……”这三个字本身暗含着“实际并非如此”这层意思。而这层隐含意并非一眼可以看穿，而需要在实践中、在每个人的人生阅历逐步丰富之后渐渐明白。写作本文的关键是要写出一个认识转化的过程。自己原先的观点是什么，现在对此观念有了一个什么样的更新，这些固然是文章必须表现的内容，但却不是重点，文章的\'重点是写出促使你的观念发生变化的原因：比如社会上新近发生的事情、你或你的亲人朋友同学的人生遭际、你在生活中的所见所闻所感……这些都可以成为你写进文章中的最好素材。

6.题目：我就是你的\_\_\_\_\_\_

要求：

（1）先将题目补充完整，然后作文；

（2）除诗歌外，文体不限；

（3）不少于600字；

（4）文中不得出现真实的人名、校名、地名。

思路点拨

从概率上看，填一个词则意味着标题雷同率比较高，这样无形之中会降低你作文的新颖性，很多学生可能会填“菜”“宝贝”“左手”等。从彰显特色的角度而言，我们补题时可以填上短语，这样既容易显示个性，又能彰显特色，可谓一举两得。如“我就是你的左膀右臂”“我就是你的冤家对头”。

7.生活中有许多事情值得我们永远铭记在心中。美丽的景致、真挚的感情、亲密的朋友、生活的快乐……    请以“记住心中的\_\_\_\_\_\_”为题目，写一篇文章。

要求：

（1）文体不限；

（2）字数不少于600字（如写成诗歌，则要求不少于20行）；

（3）文中不得出现真实的地名、校名、人名。

思路点拨    可写记住心中的遗憾，对自己要充满信心；可写记住心中的伤痛，铭记民族的这些伤痛，让它时刻提醒我们努力为“中华民族的早日复兴”而奋斗；可写记住心中的幸福，感恩成长；可写记住心中崇拜的英雄，激励前进；可写记住心中的梦想，奋勇向前。

8.阅读下面材料，然后按要求作文。

有一种爱叫关心，严冬中让我们感到温馨；有一种爱叫帮助，困境中让我们走出迷途；有一种爱叫宽容，不安中让我们感激万分…

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第四篇**

But some students spend too much time playing computer games and some stay in net bars all day and all a result, they do worse and worse in their lessons andthey don’t study well any more. I think we shouldn’t goonline when it is time for us to study. We can do it in summer or winterholidays.

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第五篇**

查显示目前我国公民年人均阅读量还不到有些国家的十分之以， “全民阅读”也连续两年被写入了《政府工作报告》。请以“ Reading Matters”为题，写一篇英语倡议书向English Weekly征文专栏投稿。

要点：1.造成目前现状的原因：没有阅读习惯;过于关注物质利益。

2.阅读的好处：获取知识，开拓视野;利于思考，提高技能;丰富精神生活。

注意： 1.词数100左右;

2.开通欧与结语已为你写好，不计入总词数。

Reading Matters

Dear fellow students,

It is reported that

Thanks for your listening.

Reading Matters

Dear fellow students，

It is reported that the annual average reading amount of per Chinese is only about one-tenth of that some other countries in the world，which causes certain worries among us. How did this come about?

The causes consist of two aspects. Firstly，people’s lack of reading habit explains the main reason，which is the most urgent and difficult thing to change. Secondly，it is obvious that people nowadays care more about material gains than the enrichment of the mind.

It’s high time that we paid due attention to developing good reading habit as it can bring us enormous benefits. For one thing，reading enables us to acquire knowledge and thus broadens our horizons. For another，it provides enough food for thought and improves our practical skills. What’s more，reading enriches our mind and makes it possible for us to lead a meaningful and fulfilling life.

Thanks for your listening!

>>>下一页更多精彩“20\_长沙中考英语作文”

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第六篇**

The Dream Jobs

In order to know about the students\' ideals, we made a survey among 100 students in our school last week. Here are the results.

Most of the students want to be businessmen, because they want to be rich and buy what they need in the future. More students are dreaming of being doctors, because they are proud of saving the sick people . And being good teachers is some students’ dream. They think it’s a pleasure to make students learn more from them.

Different students have different ideals. As for me, I want to be a policeman, and make our society much safer.

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第七篇**

Early Education in China

Chinese are very generous while educating children. Not caring about the money, parents of-ten send their children to the best schools or even abroad to study because they believe that the more expensive an education is, the better it is.

So parents will spend an unreasonable amount of money oneducation. Even poor couples will buy a computer for their children. However, the best early education is usually very cheap. Children\'s skills vary. Most parents fail to realize though,what children lack today is self-respect and self-confidence. The problem is that parents are only educating their children on how to take multiple choice tests and study well instead of the most important skills of being confident, happy and clever. Parents can achieve this by teaching practical skills like cooking, sewing and other housework. Cooking will improve many skills children need later in life. Though demanding patience and time, it is an enjoyable experience. A good cook always tries to improve his cooking,so he works hard and gradually finishes his job result, a well-cooked dinner, will give him much satisfaction and a lot of self-confidence. Some old machines, such as a broken radio or TV set your child plays with will make him curious and arouse his interest.

He may spend hours looking at them, trying to fix them. These activities are not merely teaching a child to read a book, but rather to think, to use his mind. And that is more important.

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第八篇**

Shopping online is quite popular in our daily life now. It is a new way of shopping. Many things are offered and wait for your choosing. Convenience is the most important advantage. You can buy anything as you like. You don’t have to queue with other shoppers. Meanwhile, it is often open for 24 hours a day.

However, there are many disadvantages about shopping online. You can’t actually see the real products. So you may be cheated easily. Also, many people will miss the best opportunity to get along well with their friends and share the joy of shopping.

In conclusion, we should make proper use of the internet shopping.

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第九篇**

【预测话题】环保

【预测题目】

为配合我市举行的“6・5世界环境日”万人骑自行车城区环游活动，请你根据提示要求写一篇以“Lower Carbon(低碳), Happier Life”为主题的英语短文。(以上背景内容无需表述)

提示：

1. 在6月5日自己骑自行车上学，父母骑自行车上班;

2. 在家使用节能灯;减少洗澡淋浴时间;

3. 将用过的课本留给下届学生;

4. 请你就此话题补充1―2点个人做法。

要求：

1. 不要逐词翻译;

2. 在文中不要提及真实的校名和姓名;

3. 词数80左右;短文标题和首尾句已给出，不计入词数。

参考词汇：节能灯 energy-saving lamp，用过的 used, 下届 lower grades

Lower Carbon, Happier Life

It’s our duty to save environment.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Lower carbon, happier life. Let’s take actions.

【参考范文】

Lower Carbon, Happier Life

It’s our duty to save the environment.

On June 5th, I will go to school by bike or on foot instead of taking the bus. And I will also ask my parents to ride bikes to work that day. At home, we will use energy-saving lamps and spend less time when we are taking a shower. Don’t throw away the used textbooks and leave them to the students of lower grades. At the same time, I will tell my parents to take bags when they go shopping. And I will turn off the lights before leaving the room.

Lower carbon, happier life. Let’s take actions.

【预测话题】理想

【预测题目】

为了解同学们的理想，我们在学校的l00名学生中进行了一次调查采访。采访主要是围绕“What do you want to be when you grow up?”和“Why?”这两个问题进行的，请你根据以下调查数据写―份以“the dream jobs”为主题的报告.并谈谈你自己的理想与原因。词数80个左右。(报告开头语已给出，不计人作文总词数。)

The Dream Jobs

In order to help us form good ideals (理想), we made a survey among 100 students in our school. Here are the results.

【参考范文】

The Dream Jobs

In order to know about the students\' ideals, we made a survey among 100 students in our school last week. Here are the results.

Most of the students want to be businessmen, because they want to be rich and buy what they need in the future. More students are dreaming of being doctors, because they are proud of saving the sick people . And being good teachers is some students’ dream. They think it’s a pleasure to make students learn more from them.

Different students have different ideals. As for me, I want to be a policeman, and make our society much safer.

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十篇**

About Travling

关于旅游 (1)

【旅游和介绍地方篇(热点)】

中考高频率话题，出题形式灵活。

典型例句：

1. Last Sunday(Saturday,…) ,it was sunny(rainy, windy, foggy)

上星期天(星期六···)，是个晴天(雨天，有风的日子，雾天···)

2. I got up very early (late). After breakfast I went to …with my friends by bike, bus，…

我起的很早(晚)。吃过早饭我就和我的朋友们骑车(搭车)去···

3. We enjoyed ourselves.

我们乐在其中。

4. We forgot the time. We didn\_t come back until 5 o\_clock.

我们忘记了时间，直到5点才各自回家。

5. We all felt very tired, but we were happy.

我们虽然都觉得很累，但是非常开心。

6. I thought I would never forget this trip.

我想我永远不会忘记这次旅行。

7. Last summer, my parents and I went to Beijing for our holidays.

去年夏天，我父母和我一起去北京度假。

8. We visited a lot of places of interest.

我们参观了很多名胜古迹。

9. We had a good time there.

我们在那里过的很愉快。

10. We bought a lot of things. The clothes here are good and cheap.

我们买了很多东西。那里的衣服又便宜又好。

(四川自贡)北京将迎来20\_年的奥运会，请以主人的身份向外国朋友介绍一下北京和北京几个著名的景点。根据以下提示写一篇短文。

1.北京是一个历史悠久的城市;

2.北京有许多名胜古迹;

3.紫禁城是最受来宾欢迎的景点之一;

4.故宫非常漂亮和著名;

5.长城也是非常美丽可去一看的地方

6.天安门广场是一个好去处，可去漫步。

注：⑴ 字数80左右。⑵ 请不要逐字翻译，可适当添加细节，使行文连贯、意思完整、符合逻辑。⑶ 参考词汇：紫禁城 The Forbidden City 故宫 The Summer Palace 天安门广场 Tian’anmen Square

参考作文：

Beijing is a city with a long history. There are many places of interest in it. Now let me tell you some of them.

北京是一个历史悠久的城市，这里有许多的名胜古迹。现在让我来向你介绍其中的一些景点。

The Forbidden City is one of the most popular ones for visitors. It is very big and you can learn much about the history of China from it. The Summer Palace is beautiful and famous, too. The Great Wall is also a wonderful place to go. And Tian\'anmen Square is a good place for people to take a walk.

紫禁城是最受来宾欢迎的景点之一。它十分宏伟，你能从中学到很多关于中国的历史。故宫也非常的漂亮和出名。长城也是非常美丽值得一看的地方。还有天安门是一个让人们散步的好去处。

I hope you will enjoy your staying in Beijing.

我希望你能在北京能玩的很愉快!

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十一篇**

今年三月五日，是雷锋同志牺牲五十周年纪念日，也是\_题词号召全国人民“向雷锋同志学习” 的第四十九个年头。请你给福州晚报写一篇报道，介绍你们学校开展学雷锋活动的情况，内容如下：

要求：1. 词数80个左右。

2. 所写短文必须包括以上内容，自由发挥的内容必须围绕主题。

3. 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名、地名等相关信息。

(参考词汇：战友comrade，做好事do good deeds)

Learning from Lei Feng

Lei Feng

In order to remember Lei Feng, our school organized all kinds of activities.

Lei Feng was born in a poor family on December 18th, 1940. At the age of 18, he gave his young life in order to save his comrade. He loved his country very much and always worked hard. He was strict with himself and cared about others more than himself. He was always ready to help people in trouble.

In order to remember Lei Feng, our school organized all kinds of activities. We searched for Lei Feng’s stories on the Internet. We learned to sing songs about Lei Feng and watched films about Lei Feng. The most important thing is that we did a lot of good deeds to

learn from Lei Feng. For example, Li Ming helped an old man clean his house after school.

Lei Feng is a good example to all of us. Lei Feng’s spirit will always be alive in our hearts.

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十二篇**

Study in Class and out of Class

Our study can be pided into two parts: one is in class and the other is out of class. Both of them are important to students. They depend on each other.

We must attach importance to after-class What we have learnt in class is very. limited, because only knowledge in textbooks can be acquired. However, we can learn more out of class. A most important thing is that knowledge comes from practice. In the after- class study we can apply out knowledge to practice.

Just Iike after-class study, study in class is also very important. It occupies most of our time. We must pay much attention to it. In-class study and after-class study are closely connected with each other and improve each other.

If that\' s the case, why don\'t we combine them and study effectively?

课上课下

我们的学习可以被分成两部分：一部分在课堂上，另一部分在课堂外。这两部分对学生来说都是重要的，它们互相依存。

我们必须重视课后学习。我们在课堂上学到的东西是有限的，因为只能学到课本上的知识。然而，课外我们可以学到更多的东西。最重要的是知识来源于实践。课外学习可以让我们把知识应用到实践中去。

正如课外学习一样，课内学习也很重要。它占用了我们的大部分时间，我们必须重视它。课内与课外的学习紧密地联系在一起，它们互相促进。

这样的话，我们为什么不把它们结合在一起，有效地学习呢?

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十三篇**

一、听力(共30分)

Ⅰ.看图听句子，选择与图画内容相符的选项。(4分)

Ⅱ.听句子，选择恰当的答语。(6分)

( ) 5. A. No, you can’t.

B. Yes, my pleasure.

C. No, thanks. I am just looking.

( ) 6. A. It’s kind of you. B. The same to you. C. I’m sure I will.

( ) 7. A. Certainly. Here you are. B. Thank you. C. Not at all.

( ) 8. A. He doesn’t like it very much.

B. He bought it for 40,000 dollars.

C. It’s a big black Audi.

( ) 9. A. Oh, I’m sorry to hear that.

B. Oh, what a pity!

C. Yes, I think so.

( )10. A. Sorry, Sarah isn’t in at the moment. Will you speak to me?

B. Sorry, Sarah isn’t at home. What do you want to say to her?

C. Sorry, Sarah isn’t just left. Can I take a message?

Ⅲ.听对话和对话后的问题，然后选择正确答案。(10分)

( )11. A. To see a film with her.

B. To go to the concert with her.

C. To visit a museum.

( )12. A. At the library. B. In the shop. C. At the language lab.

( )13. A. Kind. B. Terrible. C. Active.

( )14. A. 3 yuan. B. 2 yuan. C. 6 yuan.

( )15. A. Any weekday except Sunday.

B. On Monday and Thursday.

C. On Wednesday or Friday.

Ⅳ.对话和短文及后面的问题，然后选择正确答案。(10分)

( )16. A. Bill has been late three times this week.

B. Bill quarrels with him.

C. Bill forgets to give him an important message.

( )17. A. Bad sleep.

B. Hard work.

C. Loud music.

( )18. A. Ask him to turn down the radio.

B. Write him a letter.

C. Give him a hand.

( )19. A. Many people were wearing long hair.

B. They were afraid of him.

C. Jim liked his hair very much.

( )20. A. Jim would hit the barber(理发师).

B. Jim agreed with the barber.

C. Jim would cut off his long hair.

二、基础知识(共20分)

Ⅴ.词汇：

在下列各句中的空白处填入一个最适当的词，使句子意思完整，语法正确。(5分)

1. The film was so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that I fell asleep.

2. I don’t like western food. Let’s go to a Chinese\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. The shop is very crowded, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on Saturday on Sunday.

4. I want to tell you that if you want to keep \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , you must give up smoking.

5. The Great Wall \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a large number of visitors to China every year.

Ⅵ.单项选择：

从每小题的四个选项中，选出一个正确答案。(15分)

( ) \_\_\_\_\_ them ￡600 \_\_\_\_\_ the work.

A. paid, for B. spent, on C. take, to D. cost, for

( ) people\_\_\_\_\_ they might lose their jobs.

A. are afraid of B. are afraid that C. are afraid to D. is afraid that

( ) think he \_\_\_\_\_ help you.

A. be able to B. are able to C. will can D. will be able to

( )4. “Autumn”\_\_\_\_\_ British English and “fall”(秋天) in American English.

A. is used in B. are used to C. is used to D. is used for

( ) is \_\_\_\_\_ one of the greatest singers this century.

A. regarded as B. regard as C. regarded like D. thought as

( ) going out for a picnic if we are free this weekend.

. A. How about B. How do you think

C. What do you think D. Will you please

( )7. ---She\'s been late twice this week.

---It’s nothing strange. It happens \_\_\_\_\_.

A. usually B. at times C. all the time D. never

( ) was so angry that I couldn\'t \_\_\_\_\_.

A. say B. speak C. talk D. cry

( ) have a good rest at home. I won\'t call you \_\_\_\_\_ there are any problems.

. A. if B. whether C. unless D. when

( )\'s nothing worth \_\_\_\_\_ in this newspaper.

A. to read B. reading C. reads D. read

( ) really don’t know \_\_\_\_\_ the bridge will be finished.

A. how long B. how far C. how soon D. how often

( ) accident happened \_\_\_\_\_ the afternoon of May 18 th.

A. in B. at C. on D. until

( ) What do you think of your new job?

--- It’s not bad, but the hours are long.

--- Oh, \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. that’s really something B. how about that

C. you’ll soon get use to it D. you will be successful

( )14. We get knowledge \_\_\_\_ from books \_\_\_\_\_ through practice.

A. not, but B. but, or

C. neither, nor D. not only, but also

( )15. I want to copy the passage, but I have no pen \_\_\_\_\_.

A. to write with B. to write on

C. for writing on D. to write with it

三、交际运用(共20分)

Ⅶ.从方框内选择最佳选项，完成对话，并把序号填入下面的空格内，其中有两个选项是多余的。(10分)

A: What can I do for you, sir?

B: \_\_\_1\_\_\_.

A: For yourself? These are all for young people. \_\_\_2\_\_\_.

B: I like the blue one.

A: \_\_\_3\_\_\_.

B: Thank you. \_\_\_4\_\_\_.

A: One hundred yuan.

B: Oh, it costs too much.

A: \_\_\_5\_\_\_ It is cheaper. It is only fifty yuan.

B: I will take it. Thank you.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ⅷ.补全对话:

根据对话内容，在空白处填入适当的句子，使对话完整并正确。(10分)

Bob: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

Tom: I am doing my homework.

Bob: There’s going to be a basketball match at seven this evening. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

Tom: No, I don’t. I want to get some. Can you help me?

Bob: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. My sister works in the stadium(体育馆). She can help us,

I think. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

Tom: Three. When am I going to give the tickets to you?

Bob: I’m going to wait for you in front of the stadium at six thirty in the evening.

Tom: OK. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Bob: See you then.

四、阅读理解(40分)

Ⅸ.完形填空：

阅读短文，根据其内容从所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(10分)

The Taj Mahal is India\'s most famous building. It is known 1 the eighth wonder of the world. It also 2 a great love story.

In the year 1607, Emperor Shah Jahan of India 3 a girl in a market. She was so beautiful 4 he fell in love with her at once. The girl\'s name was Mumtaz Mahal.

Five years later, Mumtaz and Shah Jehan got 5 . They had 14 children. 6 Mumtaz 7 in 1630. Shah Jahan missed his wife so much that in 1638, he ordered the building of 8 beautiful mausoleum (陵墓) on earth for her, the Taj Mahal.

It 9 22,000 workmen 22 years to finish it. The beautiful white marble (大理石) building stands beside the Yamuna River. It has expensive stones 10 its walls. By the way, to visit the Taj Mahal, you\'ll have to take off your shoes and leave them at the front door.

( ). as B. for C. to D. at

( ). speaks B. tells C. says D. talks

( ). sees B. seeing C. saw D. seen

( ). if B. that C. as D. while

( ) B. lost C. love D. family

( ). And B. But C. Or D. So

( ). passed B. disappeared C. died D. dead

( ). the more B. the most C. much D. quite

( ). took B. takes C. taking D. take

( ). in B. on C. with D. at

Ⅹ.阅读理解：

Time flew while I was in Sydney. Soon came Christmas, then the New Year.

I had never spent the New Year without my family. But this year, I was so far away from them. I missed (思念) my parents very much. But I was too busy to make a telephone call to them. Sometimes I thought about what my family was doing. I didn\'t know if they missed me as much as I missed them.

That afternoon, my school held a New Year party for us. But this made me miss my family even more.

In the evening, I couldn\'t wait to phone my family. When I heard their voices , I began to cry. I found that I missed them so much. This had been the first time I cried since I arrived in Australia. My homestay mother held me in her arms and told me not to cry. This made me feel better. I was so lucky that I had a good family in Sydney. Now those days in Australia have become the sweetest time of my life.

阅读短文，并根据短文的内容选择最佳的选项。(10分)

( )1. What was the writer’s life like in Sydney?

A. Unhappy. B. Busy. C. Homesick.(想家的) D. B and C.

( )2. Why did he miss his/her family so much?

A. He/She had never spent the New Year without the family.

B. He/She was too far away from his/her home.

C. He had no friends here.

D. Both A and B.

( )3. What may be the writer’s job?

A. A student. B. An engineer.

C. A scientist. D. An artist.

( )4. Where did the writer live in Sydney?

A. In a hotel. B. In an Australian family.

C. At school. D. In a friend’s home.

( )5. Which of the following is true?

A. The writer cried very often in Sydney.

B. The writer phoned his/her family every week.

C. The people there are very friendly to the writer.

D. The writer did not like the days in Australia.

Kids make different wishes for new year. Some hope that the days will pass by more quickly.

Why? Because they are waiting to read a new book, “Harry Potter and the Half-blood Prince (《哈利?波特和半血王子》)”!

It is the sixth book in the Harry Potter stories. It will be in bookstores in Britain and the US on July 16. Chinese kids will be able to read it three months later.

The last one, “Harry Potter and the Order of the Phoenix” came out on June 21, in .

“I only hope you feel it was worth the wait when you finally read it,” said the writer J. K Rowling, on the Internet. Rowling, 39, is going to have her third baby.

The latest book tells of Harry\'s sixth year at Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry (霍格沃兹巫术和魔法学校).

Rowling has been thinking about how to start the new book for many years. She gave her readers some hints (提示) on what the book was about.

Rowling hasn\'t said who the Half-Blood Prince is. But she did say it is neither Harry nor Voldemort.

One of her characters (角色) will die in the book. No one knows who it will be. It\'s still a secret. However, fans can be sure Harry is safe for now. Rowling has said this may be the sixth and final book about Harry as a young boy.

On the Internet, Rowling said the book will probably be shorter than the 870 pages of the last one. For more information go to Rowling\'s Website:

根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。(5分)

( )1. Some children like Harry Potter stories very much.

( )2. Chinese readers will be able to read the sixth book in October.

( )3. The writer of Harry Potter is a young man.

( )4. The writer gave the reader some hints on what the book was about.

( )5. There will be five books about young Harry Potter.

The New Year has not always begun on January 1. About 4,000 years ago, people first celebrated it in March. It was the Romans (罗马人) who first made January 1 the beginning of the New Year in 46 BC (公元前).

The Romans named the first month of the year after Janus. Janus was the Roman god of beginnings and endings. He had two faces, one on the front of his head and the other on the back. So he could see the past and the future at the same time. The month of January looks back on the past year and also ahead to a coming new one.

根据短文内容，完成下列句子，每空一词。(5分)

1. About 4,000 years ago, people celebrated the New Year in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, instead of in

January.

2. The Romans \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ made January 1 the beginning of the New Year in 46 BC.

3. January was named after \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the god of beginning and ending.

4. The god had two \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, one on the front of his head and the other on the back.

That is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we named the first month of the year after it.

Want to keep a nice friendship going? Visiting your friends from time to time is important.

Friendship between two countries is the same, even for old friends of 30 years, like China and Brazil (巴西).

Last year, Chinese President Hu Jintao started his two-week visit to four Latin American (拉丁美洲的) countries. Brazil was his first stop.

During the visit, Hu had talks with Brazilian leaders. They hoped the two countries could become better friends.

“This is an important time in the friendship between China and Brazil. We should work side-by-side to keep it going,” said Hu.

Other countries

The two countries are ready to hold more cultural festivals (文化节) for the young. More cultural centres will be set up. This way the two peoples can learn to understand each other better.

Hu said the two countries should take the same stand when they speak for the developing countries. They should talk with each other more about world peace (和平).

Brazil is China\'s biggest business friend in Latin America. They are ready to put more money into each other to set up more factories.

Brazil became a country in 1822. It\'s in the east of South America. It\'s the largest country there. It has one of the longest rivers in the world, the Amazon River, and big forests along it. The country is also rich in natural resources (自然资源).

After Brazil, President Hu visited Argentina, Cuba and Chile.

阅读短文，并根据短文的内容选择最佳的选项。(10分)

( )1. Last year, President Hu visited Brazil, Argentina, Cuba and Chile. They are all \_\_\_\_\_\_ countries.

A. Latin American B. North American C. Australian D. African

( )2. He visited these countries to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. travel B. develop the friendship

C. hold cultural festivals D. find natural resources

( )3. Which of the following topics(话题) is not mentioned in the talk between the leaders of China and Brazil.

A. culture B. business C. peace D. education

( ) is the largest countries among the four.

A. Brazil B. Argentina C. Cuba D. Chile

( )5. Brazil has a history of \_\_\_\_\_ years.

B. over 100 C. over 200 D. 30

五、书面表达(共10分)

As we all know, the environment around us is becoming worse. Do you think it is very important to protect the environment? As a student, do you often see somebody harm the environment? What should we do to protect the environment?

以 “ It’s our duty to protect our environment” 为题，用所给的词语，写一篇60至80字的短文。

提示词： important, harm, improve, protect, contribution

Ⅰ.CAAB

Ⅱ.CCBCBC

Ⅲ.BCBCC

Ⅳ.CABBA

Ⅴ.

Ⅵ.1-5 ABDAA 6-10 ACCCB 11-15 CCCDA

Ⅶ.1-5 GCFBD

Ⅷ. are you doing? you have any tickets? 3. Of course./ Sure./ Yes, I . How many (tickets) do you want? you then.

Ⅸ.1-5 ABCBA 6-10 BCBAA

Ⅹ.A--- DDABC B--- TTTTF

D--- ABDAB

Ⅺ.略。

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十四篇**

Although we often feel stressed, we should find suitable ways to deal with stress.

We can wear calm colours like blue and white to make us feel relaxed. We should be careful enough, because “a miss is as good as a mile”. We should also achieve a balance between schoolwork and hobbies. Try to plan your spare time well. Don\'t lose heart at any time. You will make great progress through hard work.

When having problems, we can ask people around us for help. It\'s not wise to keep our worries to ourselves.

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十五篇**

About Dream

关于梦想

这是一个老话题，中考常考，难度较小。

My Dream is To Be A Doctor

我的梦想是当一名医生

I am an ordinary person, I have an ordinary dream: to be a doctor. Because doctor may let these experience personally the human which the indisposition suffers to get rid of the pain. May let the human change the health. At the same time, I believed that, will help others, own also to be able to obtain joyfully. Therefore, I hoped future I might be a doctor.

我是一个普通人，我有一个平凡的梦想：当一名医生。因为医生能减轻病人的痛苦，帮助大家远离疾病。医生能够让人类变得健康。同时，我相信，帮助别人，自己也能得到快乐。所以，我希望自己未来是一名医生。

The Plan for The New Term

新学期的打算

Another new term comes again,so i should have a study plan to promot , I descide to finish my homework more carefully than before. And pay more attention to the knowledge which i didn\'t know it will do a lot of reading to widen the range of my knowledge, and try to combine thoery to will learn to adjust to be more positive and more \'s what I plant to do in a new term.

又是一个新学期，所以我应该制定一个学习计划来提高自己。首先，我决定要比以前更认真的完成作业。并且对自己不懂的知识点更加注意听讲。其次，我要阅读更多的书籍来拓宽知识面，并且学会理论联系实际。最后，我要学会更加乐观积极的学习，并且多多帮助别人。这就是我的新学期计划。

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十六篇**

As food is to the body, so is learning to the mind. Our bodies grow and muscles develop with the intake of adequate nutritious food. Likewise, we should keep learning day by day to maintain our keen mental power and expand our intellectual capacity. Constant learning supplies us with inexhaustible fuel for driving us to sharpen our power of reasoning, analysis, and judgment. Learning incessantly is the surest way to keep pace with the times in the information age, and an infallible warrant of success in times of uncertainty.

学习之于心灵，就像食物之于身体一样。摄取了适量的营养食物，我们的身体得以生长而肌肉得以发达。同样地，我们应该日复一日不断地学习以保持我们敏锐的心智能力，并扩充我们的智力容量。不断的学习提供我们用不尽的燃料，来驱使我们磨利我们的推理、分析和判断的能力。持续的学习是在信息时代中跟时代并驾齐驱的最稳当的方法，也是在变动的世代中成功的可靠保证。

Once learning stops, vegetation sets in. It is a common fallacy to regard school as the only workshop for the acquisition of knowledge. On the contrary, learning should be a never-ending process, from the cradle to the grave. With the world ever changing so fast, the cease from learning for just a few days will make a person lag behind. What\'s worse, the animalistic instinct dormant deep in our subconsciousness will come to life, weakening our will to pursue our noble ideal, sapping our determination to sweep away obstacles to our success and strangling our desire for the refinement of our character. Lack of learning will inevitably lead to the stagnation of the mind, or even worse, its fossilization, Therefore, to stay mentally young, we have to take learning as a lifelong career.

一旦学习停止，单调贫乏的生活就开始了。视学校为汲取知识的唯一场所是种常见的谬误。相反地，学习应该是一种无终止的历程，从生到死。由于世界一直快速地在变动，只要学习停顿数日就将使人落后。更糟的是，蛰伏在我们潜意识深处的兽性本能就会复活，削弱我们追求高贵理想的意志，弱化我们扫除成功障碍的决心，而且扼杀我们净化我们人格的欲望。缺少学习将不可避免地导致心灵的停滞，甚至更糟地，使其僵化。因此，为了保持心理年轻，我们必须将学习当作一生的事业。

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十七篇**

根据汉语提示，写出意思连贯、符合逻辑、不少于80词的短文。

假设你叫陈泉，昨天收到了笔友David的e-mail，得知他不久要到芜湖来学习中文。他想了解如何学好中文。请你用英文给他回复一封e-mail，介绍学习中文的体会和方法，提出你的建议，以及表达你帮助他学好中文的愿望。

Sample:

Dear David,

Im glad youll come to Wuhu to learn Chinese. Chinese is very useful, and many foreigners are learning it now. Its difficult for you because its quite different from English. You have to remember as many Chinese words as possible. Its also important to do some reading and writing. You can watch TV and listen to the radio to practice your listening. Do your best to talk with people in Chinese. You can learn Chinese not only from books but also from people around you. If you have any questions, please ask me. Im sure youll learn Chinese well.

[关于中考英语作文预测推荐]

**中考英语预测题作文范文 第十八篇**

假设你程光中学学生会主席李华。你校将于6月26日接待来自美国的某中学的访问团。你受学校委托，负责安排其在天津的活动。请根据提示，给美国的领队Smith先生写一封电子邮件，介绍活动安排并简要说明理由，最后征求对方的意见。 1.上午与我校学生座谈(如校园文化，文化差异)2.中午与我校同学共进午餐(饺子，面条等) 3.下午和我校学生游览海河。

Dear Mr. Smith :

I am Lihua ,chairman of the student union , from chenguang high schoo. I am very pleased to learn that you are coming to visit our school on June 26. I am writing to tell you what we have arranged for you.

In the morning

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